Ac fluctuation conductivity in strongly fluctuating layered superconductors under magnetic field

<u>B.D Tinh^a</u>, D. P. Li^b, and B. Rosenstein^b

^aDepartment of Physics, Hanoi National University of Education, 136 Xuan Thuy Street, Cau Giay District, Hanoi, Vietnam

^bDepartment of Physics, Peking University, Beijing 100871, China

The time-dependent Ginzburg-Landau approach is used to calculate ac fluctuation conductivity in layered type-II superconductor under magnetic field. Thermal fluctuations are assumed to be strong enough to melt the Abrikosov vortex lattice created by the magnetic field into a vibrating vortex liquid and marginalize the effects of the vortex pinning by inhomogeneities. In high- T_c materials large portion of the H - T diagram belongs to this phase. Layered structure of the superconductor is accounted for by means of the Lawrence-Doniach model, while the nonlinear interaction term in dynamics is treated within self-consistent Gaussian approximation. We obtain expression summing all Landau levels are applicable essentially to whole liquid phase and are compared to experimental data on high- T_c superconductor YBa₂Cu₃O_{7- δ} and Bi₂Sr₂CaCu₂O_{8+ δ}. Above the crossover to the "normal phase" our results agree with previously obtained.

1. Tinh, B.D. (2013), Physica C 485, 10.

Section: VT - Vortices and turbulence

Keywords: Fluctuation conductivity, Time-dependent Ginzburg Landau, Type-II superconductor